



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE
THE MUGHAL EMPIRE**

NAME: _____ CLASS VII SEC: ____ ROLL NO: _____ DATE: ___/08/2017

I. FILLIN THE BLANKS:

1. The Mughals were the descendants of _____ from their mother's side and the successors of _____ from their father's side.
2. In 1526, Babur defeated the Sultan of Delhi, _____ at Panipat.
3. The powerful balance between defeating but not _____ opponents enabled the Mughals to extend influence over many kings.
4. Those who joined Mughal service were enrolled as _____
5. Mehrunnisa married the Emperor Jahangir in 1611 and received the title, _____
6. Akbar's principle of governance based on the idea of Sulh-i-Kul was followed by _____ and _____.
7. The _____ Rajputs refused to accept the Mughal authority for a long time.
8. _____ defeated Humayun at Chausa and Kanauj forcing him to flee to Iran.
9. The main source of income available to the Mughal rule was tax on produce of the _____.

II. NAME THE FOLLOWING:

1. The author of Akbarnama. _____
2. He was the revenue minister of Emperor Akbar. _____
3. An individual who is intolerant of another person's religious beliefs or culture.

4. Akbar's idea of universal peace. _____
5. This book gives rich statistical details about things as diverse as crops, yields, prices, wages and revenues. _____

III. OBSERVE THE PICTURES AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS:



1. Akbar is receiving the Akbar Nama from _____.
2. The third volume of this book, _____, deals with the Akbar's administration, army etc.



3. This picture shows Akbar holding discussions with learned individuals of different faiths in the _____.
4. These discussions led Akbar to the idea of _____ or _____.

IV. ANSWER IN TWO POINTS:

1. Why did the Mughals emphasize their Timurid and not their Mongol descent?
2. What was the Mughal tradition of succession?

V. ANSWER IN THREE POINTS:

3. Write about the Zabt revenue system introduced by Akbar's revenue minister, Raja Todar Mal

VI. ANSWER IN FOUR POINTS:

4. Write about the Mansabdari system introduced by Akbar.
5. How were the debates with the religious scholars important in the formation of Akbar's ideas on governance?

	<p>The first Mughal Emperor.</p> <p>_____</p>		<p>Popularly known as Salim.</p> <p>_____</p>
	<p>As a tribute to his father, he built the Humayun's tomb in Delhi.</p> <p>_____</p>		<p>Built Taj Mahal for his beloved wife.</p> <p>_____</p>
	<p>_____</p>		<p>The last Mughal Emperor.</p> <p>_____</p>

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PORTION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM (80 MARKS)-VII

- 1. ENVIRONMENT**
- 2. ON EQUALITY**
- 3. NEW KINGS AND KINGDOMS**
- 4. INSIDE OUR EARTH**
- 5. HOW THE STATE GOVERNMENT WORKS**
- 6. OUR CHANGING EARTH**
- 7. DELHI SULTANS**
- 8. GROWING UP AS BOYS AND GIRLS**
- 9. AIR**
- 10. MUGHAL EMPIRE**